

Oracle Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Practice Class: \_\_\_\_\_  
JAVA SELECT Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Use the table `CUSTOMER` to all lines and store it in an `ArrayList`.



A screenshot of a database table structure for the `CUSTOMER` table. The table has the following columns:

Column Name	Data Type
<code>CUSTOMER_ID</code>	<code>INT</code>
<code>EMAIL</code>	<code>VARCHAR(45)</code>
<code>FIRSTNAME</code>	<code>VARCHAR(40)</code>
<code>LASTNAME</code>	<code>VARCHAR(40)</code>
<code>GENDER</code>	<code>VARCHAR(20)</code>
<code>BIRTHDATE</code>	<code>DATE</code>
<code>CREDITS</code>	<code>DECIMAL(4)</code>

Below the columns, there is a section for `Indexes` with a right-pointing arrow.

Test the implemented code.

Use the `GITHub` repository and upload the project:

\*) `lastname_stock`

`griesmayer_stock`